



## Who should consider getting a screening mammogram?

Screening mammograms are available for BC women 40 years and older. You may call directly to book your appointment.

Age	Screen how often?
40-74 mother, daughter, sister w/ breast cancer	Recommended every year.
40-49 no family history	Available every two years. Talk to your health care provider about when to start screening.
50-74 no family history	Recommended every two years.
75+	Available every two to three years. Talk to your health care provider about when to stop screening.

Screening mammograms are recommended every year if you are between 30-74 with at least one of the following:

- You are a BRCA1 or BRCA2 carrier;
- You are an un-tested first degree relative of a BRCA1 or BRCA2 carrier;
- Have a very strong family history of breast cancer; or,
- Have had prior chest wall radiation.

Speak to your health care provider for information and referral.

You should screen regularly if you are a transgender person with chest (breast) tissue or undergoing gender-affirming hormone therapy. Visit [screeningbc.ca/breast](http://screeningbc.ca/breast) for more information.

## How do I make a screening mammography appointment?

Book directly at the following screening centres:

Abbotsford	604-851-4750	Nanaimo	250-716-5904
Burnaby	604-436-0691	North Vancouver	604-903-3860
Comox Valley	250-331-5949	Penticton	250-770-7573
Coquitlam	604-927-2130	Prince George	250-645-6654
Delta	604-877-6187	Richmond	604-244-5505
Kamloops	250-828-4916	Surrey	604-582-4592
Kelowna	250-861-7560	Vernon	250-549-5451
Langley	604-514-6044	White Rock	604-535-4512

Vancouver	505-750 West Broadway 5752 Victoria Drive BC Women's Health Centre Mount St Joseph Hospital	604-879-8700 604-321-6770 604-775-0022 604-877-8388
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Victoria	305 - 1990 Fort Street Victoria General Hospital	250-952-4232 250-727-4338
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Other Locations	Client Services Call Centre	1-800-663-9203
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For a list of additional centre locations and the mobile mammography service, please visit [www.screeningbc.ca/breast](http://www.screeningbc.ca/breast). Please have your BC Services Card/CareCard and health care provider's name available when you call to book your appointment. Call Centre hours: Monday to Friday, 8:00 am - 5:30 pm and Saturday, 8:30 am - 4:30 pm.

## Contact Us

BC Cancer Breast Screening  
801-686 West Broadway  
Vancouver, BC V5Z 1G1

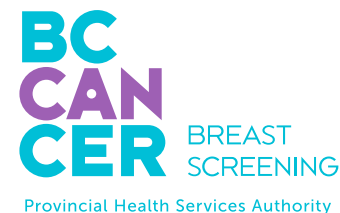
Phone: 1-800-663-9203  
Email: [screening@bccancer.bc.ca](mailto:screening@bccancer.bc.ca)  
Web: [www.screeningbc.ca/breast](http://www.screeningbc.ca/breast)

Your personal information is collected and protected from unauthorized use and disclosure in accordance with the Personal Information Protection Act and when applicable, the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. This information may be used and disclosed only as provided by those Acts, and will be used for quality assurance management and disclosed to healthcare practitioners involved in providing care or when required by law.

Any questions regarding the collection of the information by BC Cancer can be directed to the Operations Director, Cancer Screening (address: 801 - 686 West Broadway, Vancouver BC V5Z 1G1, web: [www.screeningbc.ca](http://www.screeningbc.ca) or email: [screening@bccancer.bc.ca](mailto:screening@bccancer.bc.ca))

This brochure is also available in other languages including Punjabi and Chinese. Visit [www.screeningbc.ca](http://www.screeningbc.ca) to access translated versions.

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## Breast Screening

Answering your questions about screening mammography

[www.screeningbc.ca/breast](http://www.screeningbc.ca/breast)

## BC Cancer Breast Screening provides free screening mammograms.

### What is a screening mammogram?

Mammograms are x-rays of the breasts completed in privacy by a specially-trained female technologist.

A screening mammogram consists of four images (two of each breast) that look for hidden cancer if you are healthy (no symptoms) and have never had breast cancer.

If you are experiencing symptoms including a lump or nipple discharge, you should see your health care provider immediately to determine if other testing is required.

### What happens during a mammogram?

- 1 A female medical radiation technologist will place your breast on a special x-ray machine.
- 2 A plastic plate will be used to hold your breast in place for a few seconds.
- 3 You will feel some pressure on your breast during the x-ray. Compression is necessary to spread the breast tissue and eliminate motion, which may blur the picture. This may be uncomfortable and usually lasts no more than 10 seconds.
- 4 Four pictures are taken, two of each breast.
- 5 The technologist will check the quality of the pictures to make sure the radiologist can read them. Then, if needed, the technologist may take additional pictures.

## Why are mammograms important?

Mammograms save lives. They help find cancer when it is small, allowing more treatment options and a better chance of recovery.



It is estimated that one in eight BC women will get breast cancer in their lifetime.

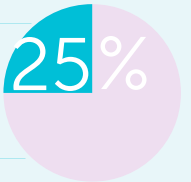
Mammograms can usually find lumps two or three years before you or your health care provider can feel them. Research has shown a 25 per cent reduction in deaths from breast cancer among those who regularly screen.

80%

Ages 50 and older

All breast cancer cases

Breast cancer risk increases with age. 80 per cent of breast cancer cases are diagnosed in women 50 years of age or older.



### What are the limitations and other considerations of mammography?

- Not all breasts look the same on a mammogram. Your age or breast density can make cancers more or less difficult to see. In general, screening mammograms are less effective if you are younger because you tend to have denser breast tissue.
- Some cancers cannot be detected on a mammogram due to the location of the cancer or the density of your breast tissue. About 25 per cent of cancers among those ages 40-49 are not detectable by a screening mammogram, compared to about 10 per cent of those older than 50.
- On average, nine per cent of those screened through BC Cancer Breast Screening will require additional testing to look more closely at a specific area of the breast. This does not mean that a cancer was found – 95 per cent of those recalled for additional testing do not have cancer.
- Mammograms use low doses of radiation. The benefits of regular mammograms outweigh the risks posed by the small amount of radiation you are exposed to.

Learn more about the benefits and limitations of mammograms: [www.screeningbc.ca/breast](http://www.screeningbc.ca/breast)

### Is there anything I can do to prepare for my mammogram?

- Wear a two-piece outfit with a top that opens in the front. You will be asked to undress from the waist up.
- Do not use deodorant, powder, creams or lotions on the day of the appointment. These products may leave a residue that can make it hard to read your mammogram.
- Try to schedule an appointment when your breasts are least sensitive (within 10 days of your last period).
- You may also find it helpful to avoid caffeine several days before an exam.

